

建築デザイン数理基礎 第5回 解答

問題 1. 次の角を弧度法に直せ

$a(\text{rad}) = b^\circ$ のとき

$$b = \frac{a}{2\pi} \times 360, \quad a = \frac{b}{360} \times 2\pi$$

だから

$$(1) 18^\circ \text{ は } \frac{18}{360} \times 2\pi = \frac{\pi}{10}(\text{rad})$$

$$(2) 54^\circ \text{ は } \frac{54}{360} \times 2\pi = \frac{3\pi}{10}(\text{rad})$$

$$(3) 315^\circ \text{ は } \frac{315}{360} \times 2\pi = \frac{7\pi}{4}(\text{rad})$$

問題 2. 次の角を度数法に直せ

$$(1) \frac{3}{4}\pi \text{ (rad) は } \frac{\frac{3}{4}\pi}{2\pi} \times 360 = 135^\circ$$

$$(2) \frac{4}{5}\pi \text{ (rad) は } \frac{\frac{4}{5}\pi}{2\pi} \times 360 = 144^\circ$$

$$(3) \frac{2}{9}\pi \text{ (rad) は } \frac{\frac{2}{9}\pi}{2\pi} \times 360 = 40^\circ$$

問題 3.

$\begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}^3$ を計算することによって 3 倍角の公式を導け。

$$\begin{aligned} & \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix}^3 \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta & -2 \sin \theta \cos \theta \\ 2 \sin \theta \cos \theta & \cos^2 \theta - \sin^2 \theta \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \cos \theta & -\sin \theta \\ \sin \theta & \cos \theta \end{pmatrix} \\ &= \begin{pmatrix} \cos^3 \theta - 3 \cos \theta \sin^2 \theta & -3 \sin \theta \cos^2 \theta + \sin^3 \theta \\ 3 \sin \theta \cos^2 \theta - \sin^3 \theta & \cos^3 \theta - 3 \cos \theta \sin^2 \theta \end{pmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

これが

$$= \begin{pmatrix} \cos 3\theta & -\sin 3\theta \\ \sin 3\theta & \cos 3\theta \end{pmatrix}$$

であるから成分を比較して

$$\cos 3\theta = \cos^3 \theta - 3 \cos \theta \sin^2 \theta, \quad \sin 3\theta = 3 \sin \theta \cos^2 \theta - \sin^3 \theta$$

問題 4. (1) 半角の公式

$$\cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} = \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{2}, \quad \sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{2}$$

を導け。

2倍角の公式により

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \theta &= \cos 2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) = \cos^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) - \sin^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) = \cos^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) - \left(1 - \cos^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) \right) \\ &= 2 \cos^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) - 1 \end{aligned}$$

これを $\cos^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right)$ について解くと

$$\cos^2 \frac{\theta}{2} = \frac{1 + \cos \theta}{2}.$$

$$\begin{aligned} \cos \theta &= \cos 2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) = \cos^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) - \sin^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) = \left(1 - \sin^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) \right) - \sin^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) \\ &= 1 - 2 \sin^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) \end{aligned}$$

これを $\sin^2 \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right)$ について解くと

$$\sin^2 \frac{\theta}{2} = \frac{1 - \cos \theta}{2}.$$

(2) $\sin \frac{\pi}{8}$, $\cos \frac{\pi}{8}$ を求めよ。

$$\begin{aligned} \sin^2 \frac{\pi}{8} &= \frac{1 - \cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{2} = \frac{1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{2} = \frac{1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{2} = \frac{2 \left(1 - \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)}{2 \cdot 2} = \frac{2 - \sqrt{2}}{2^2}, \\ \cos^2 \frac{\pi}{8} &= \frac{1 + \cos \frac{\pi}{4}}{2} = \frac{1 + \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}}}{2} = \frac{1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2}}{2} = \frac{2 \left(1 + \frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} \right)}{2 \cdot 2} = \frac{2 + \sqrt{2}}{2^2}. \end{aligned}$$

$0 < \frac{\pi}{8} < \pi$ より $\sin \frac{\pi}{8} > 0$ かつ $\cos \frac{\pi}{8} > 0$. したがって

$$\sin \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{2 - \sqrt{2}}}{2}$$

$$\cos \frac{\pi}{8} = \frac{\sqrt{2 + \sqrt{2}}}{2}$$